Sex Offender Registration & Satellite-Based Monitoring (SBM) Jamie Markham, UNC School of Government **July 2017** SEXUALLY VIOLENT OFFENSES (14-208.6(5)) First-degree forcible rape (14-27.21) 15 ATTEMPTS, CONSPIRACIES, SOLICITATIONS, & AID/ABETTING Second-degree forcible rape (14-27.22) (15) **Attempt**: Final convictions for attempts to commit an "offense Statutory rape of a child by an adult (14-27.23) 15 against a minor" or a "sexually violent offense" are reportable. First-degree statutory rape (14-27.24) 16 14-208.6(4)a. (unless target offense has later effective date) Statutory rape of person \leq 15 by D 6+ yrs. older (14-27.25(a)) (15) **Conspiracy/Solicitation**: Conspiracy and solicitation to commit an First-degree forcible sexual offense (14-27.26) (15) "offense against a minor" or a "sexually violent offense" are Second-degree forcible sexual offense (14-27.27) 15 reportable. 14-208.6(1m); -208.6(5). (13) Statutory sexual offense w/ child by an adult (14-27.28) Aiding & Abetting: Aiding and abetting an "offense against a First-degree statutory sexual offense (14-27.29) (15) Stat. sexual offense w/ person ≤ 15 by D 6+ yrs. older (14-27.30(a)) (5) minor" or "sexually violent offense" is reportable only if the court Sexual activity by a substitute parent or custodian (14-27.31) 🚯 finds that registration furthers the purposes of the registry (set Sexual activity with a student (14-27.32) (5) out in 14-208.5). 14-208.6(4)a. (3) Sexual battery (14-27.33) 15 FEDERAL CONVICTIONS (14-208.6(4)c.) Human trafficking (if victim <18, or for sex serv.) (14-43.11) 12 Offenses substantially similar to a North Carolina "offense against Sexual servitude (14-43.13) 3 a minor" or "sexually violent offense" (includes conspiracy, Incest between near relatives (14-178) 1 solicitation, and aiding/abetting; excludes attempts) 8 Employ minor in offense/public morality (14-190.6) Court martial: offenses committed on/after Oct. 1, 2001. Felony indecent exposure (14-190.9(a1)) 2 S.L. 2001-373 First-degree sexual exploitation of minor (14-190.16) Second-degree sexual exploitation of minor (14-190.17) 🚺 CONVICTIONS FROM ANOTHER STATE (14-208.6(4)b.) Third-degree sexual exploitation of minor (14-190.17A) 1 1. Offenses substantially similar to NC offense against a minor or Taking indecent liberties with children (14-202.1) 1 sexually violent offense (includes conspiracy, solicitation, and Solicitation of child by computer (14-202.3) aid/abetting; excludes attempts) (use effective date of similar NC Taking indecent liberties with a student (14-202.4(a)) 6 offense); or Patronize minor/mentally disabled prostitute (14-205.2(c-d)) 14 2. Any offense that requires registration in the state of conviction Prostitution of minor/mentally disabled child (14-205.3(b)) 14 (applies to offenders who moved to NC on/after Dec. 1, 2006; Parent/caretaker prostitution (14-318.4(a1)) 5 and to offenders who moved to NC before Dec. 1, 2006 if they Parent/guardian commit/allow sexual act (14-318.4(a2)) 5 serve active time, are on probation/parole/PRS, are required to Former first-degree rape (14-27.2) 1 register in NC for another offense, or are convicted of any felony Former rape of a child by an adult offender (14-27.2A) 4 Former second-degree rape (14-27.3) 1 on/after Oct. 1, 2010. S.L. 2010-174). Former first-degree sexual offense (14-27.4) "FINAL CONVICTION" FOR REGISTRATION PURPOSES Former sexual offense with a child by an adult offender (14-27.4A) A PJC is not a "final conviction" for registration purposes. Walters, Former second-degree sexual offense (14-27.5) 1 367 N.C. 117 (2013). A conviction on appeal to the appellate Former sexual battery (14-27.5A) 2 division requires registration. Smith, 749 S.E.2d 507 (2013). Former attempted rape/sexual offense (14-27.6) 1 Former intercourse/sexual offense w/ certain victims (14-27.7) 1 **KEY FOR EFFECTIVE DATE:** Former stat. rape/Sexual off. (13-15yo/D 6+ yrs. older) (14-27.7A(a)) 3 1 Convicted/released from prison on/after Jan. 1, 1996. S.L. 1995-545 Former promoting prostitution of minor (14-190.18) 2 Committed on/after Dec. 1, 2005. S.L. 2005-226; -121; -130 3 Committed on/after Dec. 1, 2006. S.L. 2006-247 Former participating in prostitution of minor (14-190.19) 4 Committed on/after Dec. 1, 2008. S.L. 2008-117 OFFENSES AGAINST A MINOR (14-208.6(1m)) S Convicted /released on/after Dec. 1, 2008. S.L. 2008-220 **Only** when victim is a **minor** and the offender is **not the minor's parent** 6 Convicted /released on/after Dec. 1, 2009. S.L. 2009-498 [biological/adoptive, not stepparent, Stanley, 205 N.C. App. 707 (2010)]. 7 Committed on/after Apr. 1, 1998 (at a minimum). S.L. 1997-516 Court not limited to elements of offense in finding these additional facts. 8 Convict/release on/after Apr. 3, 1997 (NC date if later). S.L. 1997-15 Arrington, 226 N.C. App. 311 (2013). 9 Committed on/after Dec. 1, 2003. S.L. 2003-303 Kidnapping (14-39) **10** Committed on/after Dec. 1, 2004. <u>S.L. 2004-109</u> Abduction of children (14-41) 1 Committed on/after Dec. 1, 2012. S.L. 2012-153 Felonious restraint (14-43.3) Committed on/after Dec. 1, 2013. S.L. 2013-33 SECRETLY PEEPING (14-208.6(4)d.) Committed on/after Dec. 1, 1999 (unless underlying offense has a later effective date). S.L. 1999-363 Reportable **only** if court finds registration furthers purposes of registry 14 Committed on/after Oct. 1, 2013. S.L. 2013-368 (<u>14-208.5</u>) and offender dangerous; findings must be supported by **15** Committed on/after Dec. 1, 2015. <u>S.L. 2015-181</u> competent evidence. Pell, 211 N.C. App. 376 (2011). **16** Effective Dec. 1, 2015. <u>S.L. 2017-102</u> Felony peeping under 14-202 (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h) **9**; or Second/subsequent conviction of: NO-CONTACT ORDER. DA may ask the court to issue a permanent no-contact Misd. peeping under 14-202(a) or (c) 9 order for any defendant convicted of a reportable offense. 15A-1340.50. Use Misd. peeping w/ mirror/device under 14-202(a1) 10 AOC-CR-620. The order may prohibit direct contact with the victim and Note: Inchoate & aiding/abet peeping are not reportable. indirect contact with the victim through third parties. Barnett, 794 S.E.2d 306 SALE OF A CHILD (14-208.6(4)e.) (2016). A similar civil no-contact order is available under G.S. Chapter 50D for Reportable **only** if the sentencing court rules under G.S. 14-43.14(e) that victims who did not seek a no-contact order at sentencing. the person is a danger to the community. An offender with a reportable conviction must register for 30 years (reducible to 10 in some cases by petition under 14-

208.12A), unless lifetime registration applies. 14-208.7. Lifetime registration applies to recidivists, offenders convicted of an aggravated offense, and sexually violent predators. 14-208.23. See reverse for case law related to those categories.

Satellite-Based Monitoring (SBM)

Effective date. SBM applies to offenders with a reportable conviction who: (1) Commit a reportable offense on/after Aug. 16, 2006; (2) are

sentenced to intermediate punishment on/after Aug. 16, 2006; (3) are released from prison by parole/post-release supervision on/after Aug. 16, 2006; or (4) complete a sentence on/after Aug. 16, 2006 and are not on PRS or parole. S.L.2006-247 § 15(/). Use AOC-CR-615.

If the defendant falls into the one of the four categories set out below, the court must order SBM for life. 14-208.40A(c).

- 1. SEXUALLY VIOLENT PREDATOR (SVP) (14-208.6(6)). A person convicted of a sexually violent offense who suffers from an abnormality/disorder; determined by court after examination by expert panel. Must follow procedure in 14-208.20. Zinkand, 190 N.C. App. 765.
- 2. RECIDIVIST (14-208.6(2b)). A person with a prior conviction for an offense described in 14-208.6(4).
- A prior conviction need not itself be reportable (based on date) to qualify a person as a recidivist. Wooten, 194 N.C. App. 524 (2008).

- At least one of the offender's convictions must be committed on/after Oct. 1, 2001 for him or her to qualify as a recidivist. S.L. 2001-373.
- 3. COMMITTED AN AGGRAVATED OFFENSE (14-208.6(1a)). An offense committed on/after 10/1/01 (S.L. 2001-373) that includes:
- (1) Engaging in a sexual act involving vaginal, anal, or oral penetration;
- (2) (a) With a victim of any age through the use of force or the threat of serious violence, or
- (b) With a victim who is less than 12 years old.

- To determine whether an offense is aggravated, the court may look only at the elements of the conviction offense, not the underlying facts

- of what might have happened in a particular case. Davison, 201 N.C. App. 354 (2009).

- AGGRAVATED: 1st-deg. stat. rape (victim under 13, 14-27.2(a)(1)). Clark, 211 N.C. App. 60 (2011).

- Stat. rape (victim 13, 14, 15/def. 6 yrs. older, 14-27.7A(a)). Sprouse, 217 N.C. App. 230 (2011).
 - 2nd-deg. rape (forcible, 14-27.3(a)(1)). McCravey, 203 N.C. App. 627 (2010).
 - 2nd-deg. rape (mentally disabled victim, 14-27.3(a)(2)). Oxendine, 206 N.C. App. 205 (2010). 2nd-deg. rape (physically helpless victim, 14-27.3(a)(2)). Talbert, 233 N.C. App. 403 (2014).

NOT AGGRAVATED:

- Attempted second-degree rape. Barnett, 784 S.E.2d 188, temp. stay and rev. allowed.
- Any sexual offense. Mann, 214 N.C. App. 155 (2011) (substitute parent); Green, 229 N.C. App. 121 (2013)
- (forcible); Treadway, 208 N.C. App. 286 (2010) (statutory); Boyett, 224 N.C. App. 102 (2012) (second degree).
- Child abuse (sexual act) (14-318.4(a2)). Phillips, 203 N.C. App. 326. Sexual battery. Brooks, 204 N.C. App. 193.
- Indecent liberties with a child. Singleton, 201 N.C. App. 620 (2010); Sprouse, 217 N.C. App. 230 (2011).
- Any offense committed before 10/1/2001. Davis, 767 S.E.2d 565 (2014) (first-degree rape from Sept. 2001). 4. CONVICTED OF STATUTORY RAPE OR SEXUAL OFFENSE WITH CHILD BY ADULT (14-27.23, -27.28, or former 14-27.2A and -27.4A).
- If the court finds that the defendant does not fit into any of the four lifetime categories set out above, it must determine whether the
- offender committed an "offense that involved the physical, mental, or sexual abuse of a minor."14-208.40A(d). "Physical, mental, or sexual abuse of a minor" is undefined. The following have been deemed abuse of a minor: Indecent liberties, Jarvis, 214

N.C. App. 84 (2011); Solicitation to commit indecent liberties, Cowan, 207 N.C. App. 192 (2010); Statutory rape, Jones, 234 N.C. App. 239

- (2014). Other crimes may also qualify. If the court finds that the offender committed an offense that involved the physical, mental, or sexual abuse of a minor, it must order DAC to do a risk assessment (Static-99R, or OTI for women). DAC shall have 30-60 days to complete the assessment (although it can sometimes
- possible level of supervision and monitoring." If so, the court shall order SBM for a period determined by the court. 14-208.40A(d)-(e). If the Static-99 is HIGH, the court may order SBM for a specified period. If the result is less than HIGH, the court may nonetheless order SBM if it

be completed in a matter of hours). Upon receipt of the assessment, the court determines whether the offender requires the "highest

- makes additional factual findings related to the defendant's dangerousness. Morrow, 364 N.C. 424 (2010). Findings that may trump a non-HIGH Static-99: Victim especially young; failure to complete treatment, Green, 211 N.C. App. 599 (2011).
- Position of trust/victim vulnerability, Jarvis, 214 N.C. App. 84 (2011). Temporal proximity of multiple crimes; all victims young girls; escalating sexual aggressiveness; crimes in public and during residential break-in, Smith, 769 S.E.2d 838 (2015). Number, frequency, and character of prior probation violations. King, 204 N.C. App. 198 (2010).
- Findings that may not trump a non-HIGH Static-99: Prior dismissed indecent liberties charge, Smith. Alford plea signaled lack of remorse, Jarvis. Old prior sex crime already incorporated into Static-99; unsworn statement about victim's emotional trauma, Thomas, 225 N.C. App. 631 (2013). Prior non-reportable assault on female, *Jones*, 234 N.C. App. 239 (2014).
- The court should order a discrete time for SBM (e.g. "3 yrs."), not a range (e.g. "7-10 yrs."). Morrow, 200 N.C. App. 123 (2009). The trial court may not order lifetime SBM for a defendant in this category. Cowan, 207 N.C. App. 192 (2010).

a hearing in superior court (never district court, Miller, 209 N.C. App. 466 (2011)) in the county of residence (this relates to venue, not jurisdiction, Mills, 232 N.C. App. 460 (2014)). 15 days notice req'd. Indigent offenders entitled to counsel. 14-208.40B. Use AOC-CR-616.

- Bring-back hearings. If no SBM determination made at sentencing, DAC makes an initial determination as to whether SBM applies and notifies
- the offender. Notice must state the expected SBM eligibility category & a brief statement of factual basis for that determination. Stines, 200 N.C. App. 193 (2009); Cowan, 207 N.C. App. 192 (2010). DAC not req'd to file a civil complaint. Self, 217 N.C. App. 638 (2011). The DA schedules
- Constitutional issues. SBM is civil and does not violate the Ex Post Facto Clause, Bowditch, 364 N.C. 335 (2010); double jeopardy, Wagoner, 364 N.C. 422 (2010); or Blakely, Hagerman, 364 N.C. 423 (2010). SBM does not infringe on interstate travel, Manning, 221 N.C. App. 201 (2012). Though civil, SBM is a search. Grady, 575 U.S. __ (2015). Before imposing SBM, the trial court must determine, based on the totality of the circumstances, whether the search is reasonable. State has burden of proving reasonableness. Blue, 783 S.E.2d 524 (2016).

Appeals. Because SBM is civil in nature, defendants must note their appeal of an SBM determination in writing pursuant to Rule 3(a) of the N.C. Rules of Appellate Procedure; oral notice is insufficient. *Brooks*, 204 N.C. App. 193 (2010).